

- 3 JUL 2015

DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT AND SYSTEMS PERFORMANCE RECEIVED - JINDABYNE

SECTION 2

NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE BUSHFIRE ATTACK LEVEL RISK ASSESSMENT

SECTION TWO - BAL RISK APPLICATION FORM (To be detached and submitted)

PART A Property Details Applicants Name: APEX CHILDRENS CHALET Contact Phone Number: (H): () (M): 0410 587 569 Council: Snowy River Shire Council Reference (if known): Lot: 197 DP: 44460 Address to be developed: Carroboree Road, SMIGGIN HOLES My property is on Bush Fire Prone Land: Yes No					
PART B Type of Proposal					
Type of Proposal: Zoning:					
New Dwelling Alteration/Additions to an existing building Residential Rural					
Proposal Description: e.g. two storey house with attached garage					
Copy of plans attached: Yes Copy of any relevant photos attached: Yes Other submission requirements Yes					
NOTE: The RFS will not be able to undertake a BAL Risk Assessment unless all necessary information has been submitted.					
PART C Bush Fire Development Standards					
Does your proposal meet all the relevant Development Standards for your land zoning? (See Section 1 - Part C)					
Yes Unknown					
NOTE: If your proposal does not satisfy all the development standards for your land zoning, you may need to reconsider your application for complying development or contact a qualified bush fire consultant for more information.					

PART D

BAL & Risk Assessment

Step 1: Assess the vegetation about the proposed building in all directions.

CATEGORY	NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
Converted vegetation (See Vegetation Chart)	Forest Woodland Tall Heath Short Heath Mallee/Mulga Rainforest Grassland Managed Land	Forest Woodland Tall Heath Short Heath Mallee/Mulga Rainforest Grassland Managed Land	Forest Woodland Tall Heath Short Heath Mallee/Mulga Rainforest Grassland Managed Land	Forest Woodland Tall Heath Short Heath Mallee/Mulga Rainforest Grassland Managed Land

Step 2: Determine the distance from the building line to the vegetation in each direction as above

ASPECT	NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
Distance	30 m	1.00 m	10 m	.1.5m

Step 3: Determine the effective slope that will influence bush fire behaviour in each direction

CATEGORY	NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
Slope under the hazard (over 100m) [in degrees]	upslope/flat >0 to 5 >5 to 10 >10 to 15 >15	upslope/flat >0 to 5 >5 to 10 >10 to 15 >15	upslope/flat >0 to 5 >5 to 10 >10 to 15 >15	upslope/flat >0 to 5 >5 to 10 >10 to 15 >15

Step 4: Determine the Fire Danger Index (FDI) that applies to your local government area (council). Tick the relevant FDI below

FDI	100 (see Table 4, page ?)	80 (see Table 5, page ?)	50 (see Table 4 page ?)

Step 5: Match the relevant FDI, vegetation, distance and slope to determine the required APZ and Construction level

Identify the bushfire attack level for each direction, select the highest level for the entire building and record below. Note BAL-12.5 is the lowest construction level within the scope of AS3959.

Identify the Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) below:

□BAL-FZ	X BAL- 40	BAL- 29	BAL-19	BAL- 12.5	No requirement

NOTE: BAL-40 and BAL-FZ are considered higher risk development and do not constitute complying development. You are advised to consult with a qualified bush fire consultant for more information.

This document has been designed for owner/builders as well as architects, building designers and draftspersons who wish to submit plans for building or modifying an existing building as complying development in a Bush Fire Prone Area. This document has been designed to support you, and provide you with a process to follow that will assist you to meet the current requirements for bush fire protection.

NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE

head office 15 Carter Street, Lidcombe NSW 2141 mail Locked Bag 17, Granville NSW 2142

Development Assesment and Planning phone 02 8741 5175 fax 02 8741 5433 email development.assesment@rfs nsw.gov.au

© State of New South Wales through the NSW RURAL FIRE SERVICE 2011









